

### Please be respectful of your editors' time and prepare your manuscript in conformance with these style sheet guidelines.

The *EPS Journal* is composed in WordPerfect. Please prepare your work in MS Word, Open Office, WordPerfect, or other widely used word processing program. Since embedded Figures generally do not translate smoothly to WordPerfect, we may ask you to submit raw data that will permit us to recreate any Figures you submit. Minimize formatting of your text and keep Tables and Figures simple and to the point.

**Heading** [i.e., in **bold** type-font]

*Subheading* [i.e., *italic* type-font]

We discourage the use of further subdivisions. In the title, headings, and subheadings we only capitalize proper nouns (e.g., “The privatization of Afghan militias” not “The Privatization of Afghan Militias”).

References to **Tables** and **Figures** in the text are capitalized (e.g., “As Table 1 shows,” not “as table 1 shows”). Please be sure to include proper units of measurement and that, when applicable, source notes are provided. Tables and Figures generally need to fit a maximum width of 4.6 inches and maximum height of 6 inches in 10-point font. Please plan accordingly. Alternatively, we may be compelled to push material into an Appendix to accompany your article (Table A1, etc.; Figure A1, etc.) or else prepare material as supplemental material (Table S1, etc.; Figure S1, etc.) for placement on the journal’s web site.

We strongly discourage text that embeds **literature references**. Instead we ask that authors place references in endnotes. For instance, instead of “It has been shown that the budgetary cost of switching from an all-volunteer to a conscripted force in the United States results in marginal budgetary savings only (Simon and Warner, 2007),” write the same sentence but place the reference in an endnote. This is to maintain readability of the text. Except for survey articles, keep notes and references to a minimum. There is no need to show off your erudition or your perusal of all the latest newspapers and web sites.

**Outline.** Please outline your document as follows (without the numbering):

1. **Title**
2. *Author*
3. **Abstract** [not to exceed 150 words, including a statement about the problem/topic and the main finding/view]
4. 3-5 keywords, 1-3 JEL codes [see [http://www.aeaweb.org/journal/jel\\_class\\_system.html](http://www.aeaweb.org/journal/jel_class_system.html)]
5. Text [do not start with “Introduction,” as it is understood that the beginning of the text is the introduction].
6. **Heading**
7. Text
8. *Subheading*
9. Text
10. Etc. [or, where warranted, again Heading, Subheading, Text]
11. **Notes**
12. **References**

Introduce your article with a clear problem and/or thesis statement, your main finding or point of argument, and the sections by which the article proceeds. (Note that we use “article,” not “paper.”) The first item under the **Notes** heading, before the placement of the first endnote, should be the author’s name in bold type-face followed by position, affiliation, and how the author may be reached. Keep it simple and to the point. For example, “**Jurgen Brauer** is Professor of Economics at the James M. Hull College of Business, Augusta State University, Augusta, GA, USA. He may be reached at [jbrauer@aug.edu](mailto:jbrauer@aug.edu).”

We **punctuate** U.N., U.K., and U.S. but not EU, IMF, NATO, SIPRI. We do not **hyphenate** policymaker, decisionmaker, neoliberal, warlord. When in doubt, write as you like; we'll edit. Note that U.N., U.K., and U.S. are spelled out as United Nations, United Kingdom, and United States when used as stand-alone references. In contrast, use U.N. policy, U.K. nuclear program, or U.S. administration. We do not **capitalize** geographic identifiers or wars. Thus, we write Korean peninsula, Malacca strait, Jordan river, not Korean Peninsula, Malacca Strait, Jordan River, and instead of post-Cold War, World War II, Vietnam War, we write post-cold war, world war II, and Vietnam war.

**Citations** in the notes should read as follows: Sandel (1998) or Sandel (1998, p. 113), or Sandel (1998a, p. 113), or Sandel (1999a, pp. 113-114). Separate multiple citations by a semi-colon, e.g., Sandel (1998); Galston (2004).

**References.** Please follow the examples supplied below. Completeness is an important attribute of referencing (especially volume, issue number, page numbers for journals). If readers cannot find and access a reference, it is probably not a good reference to use. Author's first name is generally not spelled out.

**Monograph.**

Sandler, T. and K. Hartley. 1995. *The Economics of Defense*. Cambridge, U.K.: Cambridge University Press.  
Brauer, J. and H. van Tuyll. 2008. *Castles, Battles, and Bombs: How Economics Explains Military History*. Chicago, IL: The University of Chicago Press.

**Edited book.**

Levine, P. and R. Smith, eds. 2003. *Arms Trade, Security, and Conflict*. London: Routledge.

**Article in edited book.**

Rip, A. and R. Kemp. 1998. "Technological Change," pp. 327-400 in S. Rayner and E.L. Malone, eds. *Human Choice and Climate Change*. Vol. 2. Washington, D.C.: Batelle Press.

**Journal/magazine article.**

Warner, J.T. and B.J. Asch. 2001. "The Record and Prospects of the All-Volunteer Military in the United States." *Journal of Economic Perspectives*. Vol. 15, No. 2, pp. 169-192.  
Shea, N. 2006. "Military Medicine: From the Front Lines to the Home Front." *National Geographic*. Vol. 210, No. 6, pp. 68-105.

**Document** [government, international organizations, NGOs, etc.].

[GAO] Government Accountability Office. 2005. "Afghanistan Security: Efforts to Establish Army and Police Have Made Progress, but Future Plans Need to be Better Defined." Report GAO-05-575. Washington, D.C.: GAO. <http://www.gao.gov/new.items/d05575.pdf> [accessed 9 December 2006].  
The Senlis Council. 2006. "Field Notes. Afghanistan Insurgency Assessment: The Signs of an Escalating Crisis. Insurgency in the Provinces of Helmand, Kandahar and Nangarhar." London: The Senlis Council. [http://www.senlisCouncil.net/documents/insurgency\\_assessment\\_field\\_report](http://www.senlisCouncil.net/documents/insurgency_assessment_field_report) [accessed 9 December 2006].

To facilitate referencing, the [GAO] part would appear in the **Notes**, instead of spelling out the entire "Government Accountability Office" phrase. This is particularly useful when referring to offices with lengthy names, such as "Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce" which then is more readily referred to as [BEA]. Note also how the GAO sample reference is combined with its web citation (also see below: Web site).

**Working paper/thesis.**

Lokshin, M. and R. Yemtsov. 2005. "Who Bears the Cost of Russia's Military Draft?" Mimeo. Washington, D.C.: World Bank.  
Şimşek, V. 2005. "Ottoman Military Recruiting and the Recruit, 1826-1853." MA Thesis. Ankara, Turkey: Bilkent University.

**Newspaper** [signed articles].

Higgins, A. 2006. "Anti-Americans on the March." *The Wall Street Journal*. 9-10 December 2006, pp. 1, 5.

This particular example is from the Saturday edition, hence the two-day designation; it also splits across non-consecutive pages, hence the comma in-between the pages.

**Newspaper** [unsigned articles].

[Economist] 2005. "The Russian Army: How are the Mighty Fallen." *The Economist*. 2 July 2005, pp. 29-30.

For *The Wall Street Journal* or *Financial Times*, it is not necessary to specify a location. But when referring to the *The Star*, clearly it would be helpful to write *The Star* [Johannesburg]. Likewise, *The Sunday Herald* could be in Sydney, Glasgow, or Halifax. If you refer to a print edition, indicate the page number/s. If you refer to a web edition, see below (Web site).

**Web site.**

Wikipedia. 2006. "Zeppelin." <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zepplin> [accessed 19 September 2006].

Isenberg, D. 2003. "Security for Sale in Afghanistan." *Asia Times Online* [Hong Kong]. 4 January 2003. [http://www.atimes.com/atimes/Central\\_Asia/EA04Ag01.html](http://www.atimes.com/atimes/Central_Asia/EA04Ag01.html) [accessed 9 December 2006].